

## Summation

Given that  $\sum_{r=1}^n r^2 = \frac{1}{6}n(n+1)(2n+1)$  and  $\sum_{r=1}^n r^3 = \frac{1}{4}n^2(n+1)^2$ , find the sum of the first  $n$  terms of the series  $(1)(2)(4) + (2)(3)(5) + (3)(4)(6) + \dots$  [4]

### Solution

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (1)(2)(4) + (2)(3)(5) + (3)(4)(6) + \dots \\
 &= \sum_{r=1}^n r(r+1)(r+3) \\
 &= \sum_{r=1}^n r^3 + 4r^2 + 3r \\
 &= \sum_{r=1}^n r^3 + \sum_{r=1}^n 4r^2 + \sum_{r=1}^n 3r \\
 &= \sum_{r=1}^n r^3 + 4 \sum_{r=1}^n r^2 + 3 \sum_{r=1}^n r \\
 &= \frac{1}{4}n^2(n+1)^2 + 4 \left[ \frac{1}{6}n(n+1)(2n+1) \right] + 3 \left[ n \frac{(1+n)}{2} \right] \\
 &= \frac{1}{4}n^2(n+1)^2 + \left[ \frac{2}{3}n(n+1)(2n+1) \right] + \left[ \frac{3}{2}n(n+1) \right] \\
 &= n(n+1) \left[ \frac{1}{4}n(n+1) + \frac{2}{3}(2n+1) + \frac{3}{2} \right] \\
 &= n(n+1) \left[ \frac{1}{4}n^2 + \frac{19}{12}n + \frac{13}{16} \right] \\
 &= \frac{1}{4}n^4 + \frac{22}{12}n^3 + \frac{115}{48}n^2 + \frac{13}{16}n
 \end{aligned}$$

### Walkthrough Guide

Express the given series in the sigma notation.

**M1**

Open the brackets

$$\sum_{r=1}^n (r^3 + 4r^2) = \sum_{r=1}^n r^3 + \sum_{r=1}^n 4r^2$$

**M1**

$$\sum_{r=1}^n 4r^2 = 4 \sum_{r=1}^n r^2$$

Apply the given formulae.

$\sum_{r=1}^n r$  is an AP, recall the formula.

**M1**

Simplify the answers

Take out the common factor  $n(n+1)$ .  
It is pure algebraic manipulation.

It is a bit untidy here...but on certain occasions, the final answer is a nice expression.

**M1**